WORLD OF PHOTONICS PORTAL China's platform for the photonics community			
	Branch topics LASER.World of Photonics	World of Photonics Congress	LASER.World of Photonics China
HOME INDUSTRY TOPICS BUSINE	ESS LIFE BUSINESS CLUB		
FULL TEXT SEARCH		🗄 🖂   🍄 Deutsch	LASER. World of Photonics
	NEWS- How thoughts arise		June 15 - 18, 2009
Partners	Scientists of the BCCN Freiburg fathom the fundamental components of memory and		World of Photonics Congress June 14 - 19, 2009
WORLD OF PHOTONICS NEWS   Subscribe now for the   newsletter - free of charge!   First name:   Last name:   E-mail:   NETWORKING YOUR BUSINESS   Sername   Password   ?? Password forgotten?	<b>thought</b> What makes up a thought? First of all, it is a firework produced by neurons, the building blocks of the brain, transmit information in the form of electrical impulses to explain, for example, how a goal keeper uses his ar intuition to block a penalty by the opponent. But not a or remember is there a direct input from the environn scientists at the Bernstein Center for Computational N University of Freiburg, led by Stefan Rotter from the I Areas in Psychology and Mental Health, found with the computer simulations, that very large neuronal netwo conditions, show sustained activity even without exter researchers hypothesize that it is this sustained activi fundamental components of memory and thought. The published in the January edition of the scientific journ Computation'.	, which encode and b. Brain scientists hope rms and legs, and his always when we think ment. A team of leuroscience of the nstitute for Frontier e aid of elaborate rks can, under certain rnal input. The ty that provides the eir study has been	LASER. World of Photonics China March 18 - 20, 2008 Up to date - 18.02.2008 What will be hot in 2008 2008 will be the year when mobile email and backup and restore for mobile devices take off, in particular in emerging markets. We will see massive growth in mobile email in the consumer space due to the successful adoption of industry standards such as IMAP (LEMONADE) and SyncML, bringing high-value services to low-cost devices. El
mercateo.com Der führende Online-Händler für Geschäftskunden	Neurons receive inputs from other cells that can be either excitatory or inhibitory. Mathematical models of neuronal networks generally assume that nerve cells integrate the incoming signals and, as soon as a threshold is reached, elicit an electrical impulse themselves. But a number of experiments show that neurons behave in a more complex way, if intense input impinges on them within a short period of time. This is due to the fact that the biophysical properties of the cells temporarily undergo a dramatic change under these circumstances.		Outsourcing LAN Management For most companies and organizations, managing a Local Area Network (LAN) is a balancing act. On the one hand, LANs are indispensible to any organization's operations. On the other hand, LANs are costly to manage and require skills that many organizations

In their doctoral theses, Arvind Kumar and Sven Schrader have simulated large neuronal networks that, for the first time, take this neuronal feature into account. Especially in the neocortex, neurons are intensely interconnected, i.e. they receive many input signals that can modify the integration of subsequent signals. Taking the special features of such highly interconnected networks into account yields simulations that are in excellent agreement with recordings from biological nerve cells in the intact brain. The new virtual network thus reflects reality better than previous models.

A special feature in which Rotter's and colleagues' network differs from other models is its self-sustained activity. If the network is large enough, it suffices to trigger it once - from then on it remains active even without external input. 'Networks built from simpler model neurons would literally 'fall asleep' within short time,' says Rotter. This finding obtained in artificial systems allows to draw conclusions about the function of the real brain - after all, for thinking or remembering no external input seems to be necessary.

'But it does not suffice that the brain is just active', adds Rotter. 'The activity pattern must somehow be connected to a meaning.' When we remember, our brain has to make associations and has to produce meaningful behavior. How meaningful patterns arise in the ocean of neuronal network activity will be subject of new investigations by Rotter and his colleagues at the Bernstein Center. Their network model now provides a promising starting point for this.

## Original publication:

Arvind Kumar, Sven Schrader, Ad Aertsen & Stefan Rotter. The High-Conductance State of Cortical Networks. Neural Computation, 20(1): 1-43

Contact: PD Dr. Stefan Rotter Institute for Frontier Areas of Psychology and Mental Health Wilhelmstraße 3a 79098 Freiburg Tel.: 0761 207 2121 Email: stefan.rotter@biologie.uni-freiburg.de

## 🎤 PRACTICE

more articles (28) 👽

Presentation technoiques 7 speaking faults ∋

Sales and Distribution

## cannot afford. $\boxdot$

Effects of nicotine on sleep, human behavior analyzed "Smoking is dangerous to your health." This warning found in cigarette boxes is not for naught and a recent study published in the February issue of Chest suggests yet another ill effect of smoking. According to Dr. Naresh M. Punjabi and his research colleagues, smoking can cause poor sleep quality.